THE

ARTICLES

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UNION

AS THEY

Passd with AMENDMENTS

INTHE

Parliament of Scotland,

AND

Ratify'd by the Touch of the ROYAL SCEPTER at EDINBURGH, January 16. 1707.

By FAMES Duke of QUEENSBERRY, Her MAJESTY'S High Commissioner for that KINGDOM.

Note that the Amendments are all in Italick, that they may better appear to the Readers View.

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ARTICLES of UNION

Agreed on the Twenty Second Day of July in the Fifth Year of the Reign of Her most Excellent Majesty Ann, by the Grace of God, Queen of Scotland, England, France, and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c. and in the Year of God One Thousand seven hundred and Six, by the Commissioners nominate on behalf of the Kingdom of Scotland, by the Commission given under Her Majesties Great Seal of Scotland, the Twenty Seventh Day of February, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Six, conform to the Fourth All of the Third Seffion of Her Majesties Current Parliament of Scotland, in the Fourth Year of Her Majesties Reign. And the Commissioners nominate on behalf of the Kingdom of England, by Commission under Her Majesties Great Seal of England, given at Westminster the Tenth of April, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Six, In pursuance of an Act of Parliament made in England, in the Third Year of Her Majesties Reign, to Treat of an Union of the Said Kingdoms, as the Said Articles of Union are Approven and Agreed in the Parliament of Scotland, by an All made the

HAT the Two Kingdoms of Scotland and England, shall, upon the First Day of May next ensuing the Date hereof, and for ever after, be united into One Kingdom, by the Name of Great-Britain; and that the Ensigns Armorial of the said United Kingdom, be such as Her Majesty shall appoint; and the Crosses of St. Andrew and St. George be conjoyn'd in such manner as Her Majesty shall think sit, and used in all Flags, Banners, Standards, and

Enfigns, both at Sea and Land.

II. That the Succession to the Monarchy of the United Kingdom of Great-Britain, and of the Dominions thereunto belonging, after Her most Sacred Majesty, and in Default of Issue of Her Majesty, Be, Remain, and Continue to the most Excellent Princess Sophia, Electoress and Dutchess Dowager of Hannover, and the Heirs of Her Body, being Protestants, upon whom the Crown of England is settled, by an Act of Parliament made in England, in the Twelsth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, Entituled, An Act for the subject. And that all Papists, and Persons marrying Papists, shall be Excluded from, and for ever incapable to Inherit, Posses, or Enjoy the Imperial Crown of Great-Britain, and the Dominions thereunto belonging, or any Part thereof. And in every such Case, the Crown and Government shall from Time to Time, Descend to, and be Enjoyed by such Person, being a Protestant, as should have Inherited and Enjoyed the same. In case such Papists, or Person marrying a Papist was naturally dead, according to the Provision for the Descent of the Crown of England, made by another Act of Parliament in England, in the First Year of the Reign of their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary, Entituded, An Act declaring the Rights and Liberties of the Subjects, and Settling the Succession of the Crown.

41. That the United Kingdom of Great Britain be represented by one and the same

Parliament, to be filed the Parliament of Great Britain.

IV. That all the Subjects of the United Kingdom of Great-Britain shall, from, and after the Union, have sull Freedom and Intercourse of Trade, and Navigation, to, and from any Port or Place within the said United Kingdom, and the Dominions and Plantations thereunto belonging; and that there be a Communication of all other A 2

Richtes, Brivileges, Adventages, Which do, or may belong to the Shbjetts off either

medbru, except where it is or her wife expectly agreed in thefe Articles. Time-of Ratifier the Treaty of Union of the Two Kingdoms, in the Parliament of Scotland, though Foreign Built, be deem'd, and pals, as Ships of the Build of Great Britain; the Owner, or where there are more Owners, one or more of the Owners, within Twelve Months after the first of May next; making Oath, that at the Time of Ratify. ing the Treaty of Union in the Parliament of Scotland, the fame did, in whole or in part, belong to Him or Them, or to some other Subject or Subjects of Scotland, to be particularly Named, with the Place of their respective. Abodes; and that the Same doth then, at the Time of the faid Deposition, wholly belong to Him, or Them, and that no Foreigner, Directly or Indirectly, hath any Share, Part, or Interest therein. Which Oath the Ahode of the faid Owner or Owners : And the faid Officer or Officers shall be impowered to Administrate the faid Oath : And the Oath being so administrated shall Artefred by the Officer or Officers, who Administrated the same. And being Regifred by the faid Officer or Officers, shall be delivered to the Master of the Ship for Security of her Navigation; and a Duplicate thereof shall be transmitted by the said Officer or Officers, to the Chief Officer or Officers of the Customs in the Port of Edinto be there enter'd in a Register, and from thence to be tent to the Port of London, to be there enter'd in the General Register, of all Trading Ships belonging to

VI. That all Parts of the United Kingdom, for ever, from and after the Union hall have the fame Allowances, Encouragements, and Dram backs, and be under the same Prohibitions, Reffrictions, and Regulations of Trade, and liable to the same Customs, and Duties, and Important Export. And that the Allowances, Encouragements and Drawbacks, Prohibitions, Refrictions, and Regulations of Trade, and the Custom and Duties on Import and Export settled in England, when the Union commences, shall, from, and after the Union take place throughout the whole United Kingdom: Excepting and Reserving the Duties upon Export and Import; of Such particular Commodities, from which any Persons, the Subjects of either Kingdom, are specially Liberated and Exempted by their Private Rights, which, after the Union, are to remain Safe and Entire to them in all Respects, as before the same. And that: from and after the Union, no Scots Cattle carried into England, shall be liable to any other Duties, either on the Publick or Private Accompts, than thefe Duties, to which the Cattle of England are on Mall be liable within the faid Kingdom. And feeing by the Laws of England, there are Rewards granted upon the Exportation of certain kinds of Grain, wherein Oats Grinded or Ungrinded are not Expressed, that from and after the Union, when Oats shall be fold at History Shilling Sterling per Quarter, or under, there shall be paid Two Shillings and Six. Pence Sterling for every Quarter of the Oatmeal Exported, in the Terms of the Law, whereby, and fo bong as Rewards are granted for Exportation of other Grains; and that the Beer of Scotland have she same Rewards as Barley: And in respect the Importation of Victual into Scotland, from any Place beyond Sea, would prove a discouragement to Tillage, Therefore that the Prophibiton, as now in Force by the Law of Scotland, against Importation of Victual from Ireland, or any other Place Bezond-Sea into Scotland, do, after the Union, remain in the Same Force as nom it is, until more Proper and Effectual Ways be provided by the Parliament of Great-Britain, for discouraging the Importation of the Said Victual from Beyond Sea.

VH. That all Parts of the United Kingdom be for ever, from and after the Union. liable to the same Excises upon all Excitable Liquors, Excepting only that the Thirty four Gallons, English Barrel of Beer on Ale, amounting to twelve Gallons Scots prefent Measure, fold in Scotland by the Bremer at nine Shillings Six pence Sterling, excluding all Duties, and Rerailed including Duties; and the Retailers Profit at Two pence the Scots Pint, on eight part of the Scots Gallon, be not after ithe Union liable on account of the present Excise upon Excisable Limore in England to any higher Imposition than two Shillings Sterling upon the forefaid Thirty Galtons. English Barrel being twelve Gallons the prefent Scots measure. And that the Exof fetled in England on all other Liquors, when the Union commences, take place through ent the whole United Kingdom.

WIRI That from and after the Union; all Roreign Salt which finall be imported into Stoot and, Still be charged at the Importation there; with the fame Duties as the like Salt'is now charg'd with being imported into England, and to be levied and fecured in the fame manner. But in regard the Duties of great Quantities of Foreign Salt important may be very heavy upon the Merchants Importers, that therefore all Foreign Salt imported into Scotland, Shall be celler'd and lock'd up under the Custody of the Merchant Importer, and the Officers employ'd for Levying the Duties upon Salt; and that the Merchant may have what Quantities thereof his Occasions may require, not under a Weigh or Forty Bushels at a time, giving Security for the Duty of what Quantities be receives payable in fix Months. But Scotland Shall for the space of Seven Years from the said Union, be exempted from paying in Scorland for Salt made there, the Duty or Excise now payable for Salt made in England; but from the Expiration of the said Seven Years, shall be subject and liable to the same Duties for Salt made in England, to be levied and secured in the same manner, and with proportional Drawbacks and Allowances as in England, with this Exception, That Scotland shall, after the faid seven Years, remain exempted from the Duty of two Shillings and four Pence the Bushel on home Salt, imposed by an Act made in England in the ninth and tenth Years ... of King William the Third of England; and if the Parliament of Great-Britain thall; at, or before the Expiring of the Said Seven Years, Substitute any other found in place of the said two Shillings and four Pence of Excise upon the Bushel of home Salt, Scotland shall, after the said seven Years, bear a proportion of the said sound, and have an Equivalent in the Terms of this Treaty. And that during the faid feven Years, there shall be pay'd in Eng. land for all Salt made in Scotland, and imported from thence into England, the same Duties upon the Importation as shall be payable for Salt made in England, to be levied and secured in the same manner as the Duties on Foreign Salt are to be levied and secured in England. And that after the said seven Years, how long the said Duty of two Shillings four Pence a Bufhel upon Salt is continued in England, the faid two Shillings four Pence a Bushel shall be payable for all Salt made in Scotland and imported into England to be levied and secured in the same manner; and that during the Continuance of the Duty of two Shillings four Pence a Bushel upon Salt made in England, no Salt whatsoever be brought from Scotland to England by Land in any manner, under the Penalty of forfeiting the Salt and the Cattle and Carriages made use of in bringing the Lime; and paying twenty Shillingsfor every Bulhel of fuch Salt, and propor ionably tor a greater or leffer quantity, for which the Carrier as well as the Owner shall be liable, jointly and leverally, and the Persons bringing or carrying the same, to be imprisoned by any one Justice of the Peace, by the space of fix Months without Bail, and until the Penalty be paid. And for establishing an Equality in Trade, that all Flesh exported from Scotland to England and put on board in Scotland, to be exported to Ports beyond the Sea, and Provisions for Ships in Scotland, and for Foreign Voyages, may be fatted with Scots Salt paying the same Duty for what Salt is so employ'd as the like Quantity of such Salt pays in England, and under the Same Penalties, Forfeitures and Provisions, for preventing of Frauds as are mentioned in the Laws of England: And that from and after the Union; the Laws and Acts of Parliament in Scotland for Pineing, Curing and Packing of Herrings. white Fish and Salmond for Exportation with Foreign Salt only, without any mixture of British ox Irish Sale; and for prevening of Francis, and Curing and Packing of Fish, be continued in torce in Scotland, Subject to such Alterations as shall be made by the Parliament of Great Britain; and that all Fish exported from Scotland to Parts beyond the Seas, which shall be Cured with Foreign Salt only and without mixture of British or Irish Salt, shall have the same Eases, Premiums and Drawbacks, as are or shall be allowed s to fuch Persons as export the like Fish from England; and that for Encouragement of the Herring Fishing, there shall be allowed and paved to the Subjects, Dihabitants of Great Britain. during the present Allowances for other, Fishes, Ten Shillings five Pence Sterling for every Barrel. I of White Herring, which shall be exported from Scotland; and that they shall be allowed five Shilling Sterling for every Barrel of Beef or Pork Salted with Foreign Salt; without mixture of Britifber Irifh Salt, and Exported for Sale from Scotland to Parts beyond Seas alterable by the Parliament of Great-Britain. And if any Matters of Frauds, relating to the faid Du-Articlet: ties on Salt, shall hereafter appear which are not sufficiently provided against by this Article, the same shall be subject to such further Provisions as shall be thought sit by

the Parliament of Great Britain,

IX. That whenever the Sum of One Million Nine hundred Ninety Seven thousand Seven hundred and Sixty three Pounds Eight Shillings four Pence Half-penny shall be Enacted by the Parliament of Great Britain, to be rais'd in that part of the United Kingdom, now called England, on Land, and other things usually charg'd in Acts of Parliament there, for granting an Aid to the Crown by Land Tax, that part of the United Kingdom now called Scotland shall be charg'd by the same Act with a further Sum of Forty eight thousand Pounds free of all Charge, as the Quota of Scotland to such Tax, and so proportionably for any greater or lesser sum raised in England by any Tax on Land, and other things usually charged together with the Land; and that such Quota for Scotland in the Cases aforesaid, be raised and collected in the same manner as the Cess now is in Scotland, but subject to such Regulations in the manner of Collecting as shall be made by the Parliament of Great-Britain.

X. That during the Continuance of the respective Duties on Stamp'd Paper, Vellom and Parchment, by the several Acts now in force in England, Scotland shall not be

charged with the same respective Duties.

XI. That during the Continuance of the Duties payable in England on Windows and Lights, which determines on the first day of August, One Thousand Seven Hundred

and Ten; Scotland shall not be charg'd with the same Duties.

XII. That during the Continuance of the Duties payable in England, on Coals, Culm and Cynders, which determine the Thirteth Day of September, One Thousand Seven Hundred and Ten, Scotland shall not be charg'd therewith for Coals, Culm and Cynders consumed there, but shall be charged with the same Duties as in England, for all Coals, Culm and Cynders not consumed in Scotland.

XIII. That during the Continuance of the Duty payable in England on Malt, which determines the Twenty fourth Day of June, One Thousand Seven hundred and Seven.

Scotland shall not be charged with that Duty.

XIV. That the Kingdom of Scotland be not charged with any other Duties laid on by the Parliament of England before the Union, except those consented to in this Treaty, in regard, it is agreed, that all necessary Provision shall be made by the Parliament of Scotland, for the Publick Charge and Service of that Kingdom, for the Year One Thoufand Seven hundred and Seven, providing nevertheless, That if the Parliament of England shall think fit to lay any further Impositions by way of Custom, or such Excises, with which, by virtue of this Treaty, Scotland is to be charged equally with England; in such Case Scotland shall be liable to the same Customs and Excises, and have an equivalent to be fetled; by the Parliament of Great-Britain, with this further Provision, That any Malt to be made and confumed in that part of the United Kingdom now ealled Scotland, shall not be charged with any Imposition on Malt during this present War. And seeing it cannot be suppoled that the Parliament of Great Britain will ever lay any forts of Burdens upon the United Kingdom but what they shall find of necessity at that time, for the Preservation and Good of the whole; and with due Regard to the Circumstances and Abilities of every part of the United Kingdom; therefore, that there be no further Exemption infifted on for any Part of the United Kingdom, but that the Confideration of any Exemptions beyond what are already agreed on in this Treaty, shall be left to the Determination of the Parliament of Great-Britain.

XV. Whereas By the Terms of this Treaty the Subjects of Scotland, for preserving an Equality of Trade throughout the United Kingdom, will be Lyable to several Customs and Excises now Payable in England, which will be applicable towards Payment of the Debts of England, contracted before the Union: It is agreed, That Scotland shall have an Equivalent for what the Subjects thereof shall be so charged towards Payment of the said Debts of England in all Particulars whatsoever, in manner following, viz: That before the Union of the said Kingdoms, the Sum of three hun-

dred Ninety Bight thousand and Eighty five Pound ten Shillings, be granted to Her Majesty by the Parliament of England for the Uses after-mentioned, being the Equivalent, to be answered to Seetland for such parts of the said Customs and Excises upon all Excisable Liquors, with which that Kingdom is to be Charged upon the Union, as will be applicable to the Payment of the faid Dibts of England, according to the Proportions which the present Customs in Scotland, being Thirty thous nd pounds per Annum, do bear to the Cuftoms in England Computed at one Million Three hundred forty One Thousand five hundred and fifty nine pounds per Annum: And which the prefent Excises on Excisable Liquors in Scotland being Thirty three thousand and five hundred pounds per Annum do bear to the Excises on the Excisable Liquors in England. computed at nine hundred forty feven thousand fix hundred and two pounds per Annum; which Sum of Three hundred ninety Eight Thousand Eighty five pounds ten Shillings, shall be due and Payable from the time of the Union. And in Regard, That after the Union Scotland becoming liable to the same Customs and Duties payable on Import and Export: And to the same Excises on all Excisable Liquors as in England, as well upon that account as upon the account of the Increase of Trade, and People (which will be the happy Confequence of the Union) The faid Revenues will much Improve beyond the before-mentioned annual Values thereof, of which no present Estimate can be made; yet nevertheless, for the Reasons aforesaid, There ought to be a proportionable Equivalent answered to Scotland. It is Agreed, That after the Union. there shall be an Account kept of the said Duties arising in Scotland, to the End it may appear what ought to be answered to Scotland as an Equivalent for such proportion of the faid Increase, as shall be applicable to the payment of the Debts of England. And for the further and more Effectual answering the several ends hereafter mentioned, le is Agreed, that from and after the Union, the whole Increase of the Revenues of Customs, and Duties on Import and Export, and Excises upon Excisable Liquors in Scotland, over and above the Annual produce of the faid respective Duties as above stated, shall go and be applied for the term of seven Years to the Uses hereaster mentioned; And that upon the faid Account there shall be answered to Scotland annually from the end of seven Years after the Union, an Equivalent in Proportion to such Part of the said Increase as shall be applicable to the Debts of England; And generally, that an Equivalent shall be answered to Scotland for such Parts of the English Debts as Scotland may hereafter become liable to pay by reason of the Union, other than such for which Appropriations have been made by Parliament in England, of the Customs or other Duties on Export and Import, Excises, on all Excisable Liquors: In respect of which Debts. Equivalents are herein before provided. It is Agreed, That in the first place out of the forefaid Sum, what Confideration shall be found necessary to be had for any Losses which priwate Persons may Sustain by Reducing the Coin of Scotland to the Standard and Value of the Coin of England, may be made good. In the next place, that the Capital Stock or Rund of the African and Indian Company of Scotland, advanced together with the Intexest for the faid Capital Stock after the Rate of 5 per Cent. per Annum, from the refpective Times of the Payment thereof shall be payed; upon Payment of which Capital Stock and Interest, his agreed, The faid Company be dissolved and cease; and aifo. that from the time of passing the Act of Parliament in England for raising the faid Sum of three hundred ninety eight thousand eighty five pound ten Shillings. The faid Company shall neither trade, nor grant License to Trade, providing, That if the faid Stock and Interest shall not be payed in Twelve Months after the Commencement of the Union, that the Said Company may from thence forward Trade, or give Licence to Trade, until the faid whole Capital Stock and Interest shall be paid. And as to the Overplus of the faid Sum of Three Hundred Ninety Eight Thousand Eighty Five Pound Ten Shillings, after Payment of what Confideration shall be had for Losis, in repairing the Coin, and paying the faid Capital Stock and Interest; and also the whole Increase of the said Revenues of Cufloms. Duties, and Excises. above the present Value, which shall arise in Scotland, dusing the faid Term of Seven Years, together with the Equivalent which shall become

The unon the Improvement thereoff in Southall, after the faid! Therm of Seven Wars: And allo asto all other Sums, which according to the Agreements aforefaid, may become payable to Scotland, by way of Equivalent for what that Kingdom Stallhereafter become liable, towards payment of the Debt of England! It is agreed; That the fame beapplied in the monner following, viz. That all the Rublick Debts of the Kingdom of Scotland, as Ball be adjufted by this prefent Parliament, Ball be payed : And that Two Thoufand! Pounds per Annum. for the space of Seven Years, shall be applied towards encouraging and! promoting the Manufacture of Course Wood within those Shires which produce the Wood; and! that the first Two Thousand Pounds Sterling be paid at Martimals next, and so yearly at: Martimass, during the Space aforesaid. And afterwards the same shall be wholly applied towards the Encouraging and Promoting the Fisheries, and such other Manufactures and Improvements in Scotland, as may most conduce to the general Good of the United Kingdom. And it is agreed! That Her Majefly be Impowered to appoint Commissioners, who shall be accountable to the Parliament of Great Britain, for difpofing the faid Sum of Three Hundred Ninety Eight Thousand and Eighty Five Pounds Ten Shillings; and all other Monies which shall arise to Scotland, upon the Agreements aforesaid; to the Purposes before mentioned : Which Commissioners shill be impowered to call for, Receive, and Dispose of the said Monies in manner aforefaid; and to Inspect the Books of the several Collectors of the said Revenues and Duties, be obliged to give to the faid Commissioners, subscribed authentick Abbreviates of the produce of fuch Revenues and Duties arifing in their respective Districts: And that the faid Commissioners shall have their Office within the Limits of Scotland, and shall in such Office keep Books, containing Accounts of the amount of the Equivalents, and how the same shall have been disposed of from Time to Time; which may be Inspected by any of the Subjects who shall defire the fame.

XVI. That from and after the Union, the Coin shall be of the same Standard and Value throughout the United Kingdom, as now in England, and a Mint shall be Continued in Scotland under the same Rules as the Mint in England, and the present Officers of the Mint Continued Subject to such Regulations and Alterations as her Majesty, her Heirs

or Successors, or the Parliament of Great Britain shall think fit.

XVII. That from and after the Union, the same Weights and Measures shall be used throughout the United Kingdom, as are now Established in England; and Standards of Weights and Measures shall be kept by these Burrows in Scotland, to whom the keeping the Standards of Weights and Measures, now in use there, does of special Right belong; all which Standards shall be sent down to such respective Burghs from the Standards kept in the Exchequer at Westminster, subject nevertheless to such Regula-

tions as the Parliament of Great-Britain shall think fit.

XVIII. That the Laws concerning Regulation of Trade, Customs, and such Excises, to which Scotland is, by Vertue of this Treaty to be liable, be the same in Scotland, from and after the Union, as in England; and that all other Laws in use within the Kingdom of Scotland, do after the Union, and notwithstanding thereof, remain in the same force as before, except such as are contrary to, or inconsistent with the Terms of this Treaty, but alterable by the Parliament of Great-Britain, with this Difference, betwixt the Laws concerning Publick Right, Policy and Civil Government, and those which concern private Right: That the Laws which concern Publick Right, Policy and Civil Government, may be made the same throughout the whole United Kingdom; but that no Alteration be made in Laws which concern Private Right, except for evident Utility of the Subjects within Scotland.

XIX That the Court of Seffion or Colledge of Juffice dit effect the Union and norwithstanding thereof Remain heall time coming within Serbish so it in now Configure by the Laws of that Kingdom ; wand with the fame Authority and Privileges as before the Union; fubject nevertheless to fuch Regulations, for the better Adv ministration of Judice, as shall bei inude by the Pathiament of Great-Britains And has bereafter none shall be named by Hen Majosty; or Hen Rayal Successors; to be Ordinary Lords of of Sellion for the Source of Rive Tear by 108 de a Written to the Stanets for the Space of Teb Peter its with this Provider Thurmo Writer to the Signer be capable to be admitted a Lord of the Senfont Yer fo, as the Qualifications made, for Capacituting Perfins to be named Ordining Lords of Seffion (may be blevett by the Parllament of Great-Britain. And that the Courts of Jufficiary do alfo, after the Union, and not withflanding thereof. Remany in all time coming within Scotland; as it is now Conflituted by the Laws of that Kingdom and with the fame Authority and Privileges as before the Union; fubical nevertheless to fach Regulations as shall be made by the Parliament of Great-Britain and without Projudice of other Rights of Justiciary : And that all Admiraley Imifdi-Stons be under the Lord High-Admirab, or Commissioners for the Admiralty of Great Britain for the time being And that the Cours of Admiralty now being often biffhed in Scotland, be Continued; and that all Reviews, Reductions, or Sufpentions. of the Sentences in Maritime Cates, Competent to the Jurisdiction of that Court, Rentain in the fame Manner after the Union, as now in Scotland; until the Parhament of Great-British Shall make fuch Alterations and Regulations as shall be redged Expedient for the Whole United Kingdonpy to as there abways be Continued in Stelland a Court of Admiratty, fuch as in England, for Determination of all Marie thie Cafes relating to Private Rights in Sectional, Competent to the Jurisdiction of the Manifically Court is Subject nevertheless to thich Regulations and Alterations, as shall be thought proper to be made by the Parliament of Great Britain. And that the Horetable Rights of the Admiralty and Vice-Admiralties in Scotland, be Referved to the Respective Proprietors, as Rights of Property; Subject nevertheless, as to the Manney of Exercising such Heretable Rights; to luch Regulations and Alterations, as shall be thought proper to be made by the Parliament of Great-Britains And that all other Courts now in Being within the Kingdom of Scotland, do Remain; but subject to Alterations by the Parliament of Grint Britain And that all Inferior Courts within the hid Limits, do remain Subordinate, as they are now, to the Supream Courts of Justice within the fame, in all Time coming; and that no Caules in Scotland be Cognoscable by the Courts of Chancery, Queen's Beuch, Common-Pleus, or any other Court in Westwinfler-Hall. And that the faid Courts, or any other of the like Nature, after the Unfon, shall have no Power to Cognosce, Review, or Alter the Acts or Sentences of the Judicatures within Sewland, or frop the Execution of the fame. And that there be a Court of Exchequer in Scotland after the Union, for Deciding Questions concerning the Revenues of Customs and Excites there; having the fame Power and Authority in fuch Cases, as the Court of Exchequer has in England. And that the faid Court of Exchequer in Scotland, have Power of Passing Signatures, Gifts, Tutories, and in other Things, as the Court of Exchequer at prefent in Scotland hath. And that the Court of Exchequer that now is in Scorland, do Remain, until a New Court of Exchequer be Settled by the Parliament of Great-Britain in Scotland after the Union. And that after the Union, 'the Queen's Majesty, and Her Royal Successors, may Contime a Privy Council in Scotland, for preferring of Publick Peace and Order, until the Parliament of Grent-Britain shall think fit to Alter it, or Establish any other Effet tuve Oaths appointed to be salengathe crual Method for that End. XX. That

Life, and Jurisdictions for Life, be Referved to the Owners thereof, as Rights of Broperty, in the same manners as they are now; Enjoyed by the Laws of Scaland not-

XXI. That the Rights and Priviledges of the Royal Burroughs in Sectland as they now

are, do remain entire after the Union, and not withflanding thereof.

XXII. That by Vietue of this Treaty, of the Peers of Scotland at the time of the Union Sixteen fhall be the Number to Sit and Vote in the House of Lords, and Forty Five the Number of the Representatives of Scotland in the House of Commons, of the Parliament of Great-Britain. And that when Her Majesty, Her Heirs, or Successors shall Declare Hen or Their Pleasure for holding the First or any Subsequent Parliament of Great Britain, until the Parliaments of Great-Britain shall make, further Provision therein la Writ do Issue under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom: directed to the Brivy Council of Scotland, Commanding them to cause Sixteen Pears, who are to Sir in the House of Lords, to be Summoned to Parliament; and. Forty Five Members to be Elected to Sit in the House of Commons, in the Parliament of Great-Britain, according to the Agreement in this Treaty, in fuch manner as. by a Subsequent Ast of this present Seffion of the Parliament of Scotland shall be settled : Which All is hereby declared to be as Valid as if it were a part of, and Ingroffed in this Treaty :. And that the Names of the Persons to Summoned and Elected shall be returned by the Privy Council of Scotland into the Court from whence the faid: Writ did Iffue, And thatif Her Majesty on or before the First day of Mag next, on which Day the Union is to take place. Thall Declare under the Great Seal of England, that it is Expedient, that the Lords of Parliament of England, and Commons of the present Parliament of England should be the Members of the Respective Houses of the First Parliament of Great-Britain, for and on the part of England, then the faid Lords of Parlia ment of England, and Commons of the present Parliament, of England, shall be the Members of the Respective Houses of the Pirth Parisment of Great-Britain, for and on the part of England. And Her Majesty may by Her Royal Proclamation, une der the Great Seal of Great-Britain, appoint the faid First Parliament of Great-Britain to meet at fuch Time and Place as Her Majesty shall think hit is which Time shall not be lefs than Fifty Days after the Date of fuch Proclamation; And the Time and Place of the Meeting of fuch Parliament being to Appointed, a. Writ shall be immediately Islued under the Great Seal of Great-Britain, directed to the Privy Council of Scotland for the Summoning of the Sixteen Peers, and for Electing Forty Five Members, by whom Scotland is to be Represented in the Parliament of Great-Britain : And the Lords of Parliament of England, and the Sixteen Reers of Scotland, fuch Sixteen Peers being Summoned and Return'd in the manner Agreed in this Treaty; And the Members of the House of Commons, of the faid Parliament of England, and the Forty Five Members for Scotland, such Forty Five Members, being Elected and Return'd in the manner Agreed in this Treaty, shall Assemble and Meet respectively in their Respective Houses of the Parliament of Great-Britain, at such Time and Place as: shall be so appointed by Her Majesty; and shall be the Two Houses of the First Parliament of Great Britain; And that Parliament may continue for fuch time only as this prefent Parliament of England might have Continued, if the Union of the Two Kingdoms had not been made, unless fuoner Diffolv'd by Her Majefty .: And that every one of the Lords of Parliament of Great-Britain, and every Member of the House of Commons of the Parliament of Great-Britain, in the First, and all succeeding Parliaments of Great-Britain, until the Parliament of Great-Britain shall otherwise direct, shall rake the respective Oaths appointed to be Taken instead of the Oaths of Allegiance

LII

and Supremacy, by an Act of Parliament made in England, in the First Year of the igh of the Late King William and Queen whay, Enfinited "An-Act for the Abroga Reigh of the Late King Wigiam and Allegiance, and appointing other Oaths; and the of the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and appointing other Oaths; and of the Oaths of th make, Jubicine, and audibly Repeat the Declaration, mentioned in an Act of Parliament, made in England, in the Thirderh Year of the Reign of King Charles the II. Entituled, "An Act for the more effectual preserving the King's Person and Go-"vernment, by diabling Papifts from Sitting in either House of Parliament"; and shall Take and Subscribe the Oath mentioned in an Act of Parliament, made in England, in the First Year of Her Majesty's Reign, Entituled, "An Act to Declare the "Afterations in the Oath appointed to be taken by the Act, Entituled, An Act for the " further Security of His Majesty's Person and the Succession of the Crown, in the "Protestant Line, and for Extinguishing the Hopes of the Pretended Prince of Wales, and all other Pretenders, and their Open and Secret Abetters, and for Declaring "the Affociation, to be Determined at fuch Time, and in fuch Manner as the Members "of Both Houses of Parliament of England are by the faid Respective Acts, directed to "Take, Make, and Subscribe the same, upon the Penalties and Disabilities in the Re-" spective Acts Contained." And 'tis Declared and Agreed, That these Words, This Realm, The Crown of this Realm, And the Queen of this Realm, mentioned in the Oaths and Declaration contained in the aforefaid Acts, which were intended to fignify the Crown and Realm of England, shall be understood of the Crown and Realm of Great-Britain; and that in that Sense, the said Oaths and Declaration be Subscribed

by the Members of Both Houses of the Parliament of Great-Britain.

XXIII. That the foresaid Sixteen Peers of Scotland mentioned in the last preceeding Article, to fit in the House of Lords of the Parliament of Great-Britain, shall have all Privileges of Parliament which the Peers of England now have, and which they, or any Peers of Great-Britain shall have after the Union: And particularly the Right of fitting upon the Tryal of Peers. And in Case of the Tryal of any Peer, in time of Adjournment or Prorogation of Parliament, the faid Sixteen Peers shall be fummoned in the fame manner, and have the fame Powers and Privileges at fuch Tryals as any other Peer of Great-Britain; and that in Case any Tryals of Peers shall hereafter happen, when there is no Parliament in being, the Sixteen Peers of Scotland, who fat in the last preceeding Parliament, shall be summoned in the same manner, and have the same Power and Privileges of all fuch Tryals as any other Peers of Great-Britain: And that all Peers of Stetland, and their Successors to their Honours and Dignities, shall from and after the Union be leers of Great-Britain, and have Rank and Precedency next and immediately after the leeds of the like Orders, and Degrees in England, all the time of the Union, and before all Peers of Great-Britain of the like Orders and Degrees who may be created after the Union, and shall be tryed as Peers of Great-Britain, and thall enjoy all Privileges of Peers as fully as the Peers of England do now, or as they or Privilege of fitting in the House of Lords, and the Privileges depending the com; and particularly the Right of fitting upon the Tryal of Peets.

XXIV. That from and after the Union there be one Great Seal for the United Kingdom of Great-Britain, which shall be different from the Great Seal now used in either: Kingdom : And that the Quartering the Arms, and the Rank and Presedency of the Son King of Arms of the Kingdom of Scotland, as may best fuit the Union, he left to HenMajefty: and that in the mean time the Great Seal of England be used as the Great Seal of the United Kingdom and that the Great Seal of the United Kingdom be used for fealing Writs, to elect and fummen the Parhament of Great-Britain, and for fealing all. Treaties with Foreign Princes and States, and all Publick Infruments and Orders of

State which content the windle United Kingdom, and is all other Matters relating to England, as the Great Seal of England is now used. And that a Seal in Scotland, affect the Union, be always kept and made all of single things relating to Private Rights or Grants which have usually passed the Great Seal of Scotland, and which only concern Offices, Grants, Commissions, and Private Rights without that Kingdom: And that until such Seal shall be appointed by Her Majesty, the Great Seal of Scotland shall be used for such Purposes: And that the Privy-Seal, Signet Casset, Signet of the Justicipary Court Quarter, Seal and Seals of Courts now used in Scotland be continued: But that the said Seals be alceted and adapted to the State of the Union, as Her Majesty shall think sit; and the said Seals, and all of them, and the Keepers of them shall be suited to such Regulations as the Parliament of Great-Britain shall hereafter makes and that the Grown, Scepter, Sword of State, the Records of Parliament, and all other Records, Rolls and Registers whatseever, both Publick and Private, General and Particular, and Warrants thereof, continue to be kept as they are within that part of the United Kingdom now water Scotland; and that they shall seremain in all time coming, not withshanding of the Union:

XXV. That all Laws and Statutes in either Kingdom, to far as they are contrary to for inconfiftent with the Perms of these Articles, or any of them, shall from and after the Union cease and become wold, and shall be so declared to be by the respe-

the Parliaments of the fald Kingdoms. but sale a state at the bar a winted-town

Except Members of Both Hooles of the Callament of Genti-British

XXIII That the forelaid Since n Peers of Son an mentioned in the last preceding Article, to fit in the Houle of Lords of the Larlament of Gent-British, that have sill Privileges of Parliament which the Peers of Fagina' now have, and which they, or any Peers of Grant-British that bere after the Union: And garticularly the Right of fitting upon the Tiyal of Peers. And in Cafe of the Tryal of any Peer, in time of Adjournment of Potogotion of Parliament, the field Sixteen Peers half be furnitioned in the same manner, and have the time Lowers and Five deges at field Tryals as any other Peer of Grant-British, and that in case any Tryals of Peer States happens when there is no Parliament in lengt, the Sixteen Peers of Sixteen Who stat in the Last preceding Parliament, shall be furnitioned in the same manner, and have the same and Privileges of all such Tryals as any other Peers of Grant Britain: And that he are and Privileges of all such Tryals as any other Peers of Grant Britain: And that and after the Union between their successors to their Honours and Dignities, shall from and after the Union between the successors to their Honours and Dignities, shall from and after the Union between the concessors of Grant Britain and Dignities, that the are and more and before the concessors of Grant Britain and Dignities in English, all the concessors are the concessors of Grant Britain States.

HE Journal of the Proceedings of the Lords Commissioners of Both Nations but him the Treaty of Union which began the 16th of April 1706, and was concluded othe 12th of July following. With the State of the Revenues of Both Kingdoms, and Publick Debts of the Nation; the Proportions the present Excise on Liquor in Scotland to bear to the several Branches of the Revenues in England; with the Articles reben Agreed on, Printed at Edinburgh, by Order of the Parliament of Scotland; and Reprinted at London from the Authentick Copy, for Andrew Bell, at the Cross-Keys and Bible in Combill.

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